र्राजस्टर्ड नं 0 एल 0-33/एस 0 एम 0/13-14/95.



राजपत्र, हिमाचल प्रदेश

(असाधारण)

तिमाचन प्रवेश राज्धशासन द्वारा प्रकाशित

शिमला, सोमवार, 19 विसम्बर, 1994/28 अग्रहायण, 1916

हिमाचल प्रवेश सरकार

हिमाचल प्रवेश विधात सभा सचिवालय

मधिसूचना

शिमला-171004; 19 दिसम्बर, 1994

सं0 1-84/94-वि । स्तर्भाचन प्रदेश साधारण विक्रय कर (द्वितीय संशोधन) विधेयक, 1994 (1994 का विधेयक संख्यांक 23) जो आज दिनाक 19 दिसम्बर, 1994 को हिमाचन प्रदेश विधान संभा में पुरः स्थापित हो

3310-VSIVA 94-19-12-94-1,220.

(5245)

मल्य : । हपया

गका है कि एक प्रति हिमाचल प्रदेश विधान सभा की प्रक्रिया एवं कार्य संचालन नियमावली, 1973 के निवम 135 के अन्तर्गत सर्वसाधारण की सूचनार्थ राजपन्न में मुद्रित करने हेतु प्रेवित की जाती है।

> लक्ष्मण सिह्, सचित्र ।

1994 का विधेयक संख्यांक 24.

हिमाचल प्रदेश साधारण विकाय कर (द्वितीय संशोधन) विधेयक, 1994

(विधान सभा द्वारा यथा पारित)

हिमाचन प्रदेण साधारण विकय कर ब्रीविनियम, 1968 (1968 का 24) का बीर संगोधन करन के लिए विधेयक ।

भारत गणराज्य के पैतालिसवें वर्ष में हिमाचल प्रदेश विद्यान सभा द्वारा निम्नलिखिन रूप में यह प्रविनियमित ही:---

- इस ग्रिधिनियम का संक्षिप्त नाम हिमाचल प्रदेण माधारण दिक्य कर (दितीय संक्षिप्त] मंशोधन) ग्रिधिनियम, 1994 है।
- 1968 का 24 2. हिमाचल प्रदेण नाक्षारण विश्वय कर प्रथितियम, 1968 (जिसे इसमें इसके धारा 6-A प्रमात् मूज प्रथितियम कहा गया है) की धारा 6 के पश्चात् निम्नलिखित धारा का धन्त: 6-A प्रनाःस्थापित की जाएगी, प्रयीत्:---
 - "6-A. Declarations and certificates to be filed alongwith returns.—
 Every dealer claiming,—
 - (1) any deduction from his gross turnover, or
 - (ii) any part of his taxable turnover to be a sale to Government,
 - (iii) any part of the taxable turnover to be liable to tax at concessional rate of tax or to an exemption under section 42-B of this Act,

shall furnish, along with the return to be furnished under subsection (3) of section 12, to the assessing authority, the declaration or the certificate as required under this Act."

3. मूल प्रश्विनियम की धारा 8 में,---

النت

20

घारा 8 का संशोधन ।

बारा 15 का संशोधन ।

- (i) उप-धारा (4) में "Commissioner" मध्द के पम्चात् "or the prescribed authority" मध्द ग्रीर "amend" मध्द के पम्चात् ",suspend" चिन्ह, ग्रीर मब्द ग्रन्त:स्थापित किए जाएंगे, ग्रीर
- (ii) उप-धारा (5) भीर (6) में "Commissioner" मन्द के पक्चान् !'or the prescribed authority" मन्द अन्तःस्यापित किए जाएंगे।
- 4. मूल ग्रिधिनियम की धारा 15 में, उप-घारा (1) के स्थान पर निम्निलिखत स्था जाएगी, श्रर्थान् :--
 - "(1) If in consequence of definite information which has come into his possession, the Assessing Authority discovers that the turnover of the business of a dealer has been under-assessed or escaped assessment in any year, the Assessing Authority may, at any time within three years from the date of assessment under

section 14, proceed to re-assess the tax payable on the turnover which has been under-assessed or has escaped assessment:

Provided that the Assessing Authority may also take action to impose the penalty and interest under this Act:

Provided further that no order of re-assessment or imposition of penalty and interest shall be made unless the dealer is afforded a reasonable opportunity of being heard in the prescribed manner."

धारा 20 का 5. मूल ऋधिनियम की धारा 20 में, उप-धारा (4) में परन्तुक के भाग (iii) संशोधन । में, "Deputy Commissioner" णब्दों के स्थान पर "District Magistrate" शब्द रखे जाएंगे।

नई धारा 6. मूल ग्राधिनियम की धारा 20 के पण्चात् निम्नलिखित नई धारा 20- \mathbf{A} . 20- \mathbf{A} का श्रन्तः स्थापित की जाएगी, श्रर्थात्ः— श्रन्तःस्थापन ।

- "20-A. Power of survey.—(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other provision of this Act, any Assistant Excise and Taxation Commissioner or Excise and Taxation Officer appointed to assist the Commissioner under sub-section (1) of section 3 or an Excise and Taxation Inspector, duly authorised by the Commissioner may, for the purpose of survey regarding ascertainment of commencement of liability for registration under section 8 of this Act, enter—
 - (a) any place within the limits of the area assigned to him, or(b) any place occupied by any dealer in respect of which he exercises jurisdiction,

at which the dealer carrying on the business, keeps any of his books of accounts or other documents or any part of his cash relating to the sale or purchase of goods or stock of goods relating to his business and require any dealer, employee or any other person who may at that time and place be attending in any manner to, or helping in the carrying on of such business—

- (i) to afford him the necessary facility to inspect such books of accounts or other documents as he may require and which may be available at such place;
- (ii) to afford him the necessary facility to check or verify the cash and stock of goods which may be found therein; and
- (iii) to furnish such information including such statement as he may require as to any matter which may be useful for or relevant to, any proceedings under this Act.
- (2) For the purpose of sub-section (1), no entry in the dwelling house shall be made—
 - (i) after sunset or before the sunrise;
 - (ii) by any officer below the rank of an Excise and Taxation Officer; and

- (iii) without obtaining the sanction of the District Magistrate within whose jurisdiction such house is situated."
- मूल श्रधिनियम की धारा, 21 में,--

धारा 21 का मंगोधन ।

(i) उप-धारा (1) के स्थान पर निम्नलिखित एखी जाएगी, श्रर्थात :---

"(1) Any assessee or dealer, who is entitled or required to attend before any authority in connection with any proceedings under this Act, except when required to attend in person, may attend through a person authorised by him in writing in this behalf, in the prescribed manner, being a relative or a regular and wholetime employee of such assessee or dealer or an advocate or a sales tax practitioner.":

(ii) उप-धारा (2) में,---

- (क) "an "income-tax practitioner" means" गढ़रों के स्थान पर "a "sales tax practitioner" means" गब्द एवे जाएंगे, और
- (শ) "who has passed any accountancy examination recognised in this behalf, by the Central Board of Revenue" जुड़रों के स्थान पर "a Chartered Accountant" गब्द रखे जाएंगे; श्रीर
 - (iii) उप-धारा (4) श्रीर (5) के स्थान पर निम्नलिखित रखी जाएंगी, श्रथित :---
 - "(4) Every sales tax practitioner, other than an Advocate, and every other person who is entitled to appear before any authority under sub-section (1) in any proceedings under this Act, shall get himself enrolled as such with the Commissioner on payment of such fee as may be prescribed.
 - (5) If any sales tax practitioner or any other person who represents any assessee or dealer, is found guilty of misconduct, in any proceedings before any authority under this Act, by the Commissioner, the Commissioner may by order direct that he shall be disqualified to represent any assessee or dealer under sub-section (1):

Provided that no such order shall be made in respect of any such sales tax practitioner or other person unless he is given a reasonable opportunity of being heard".

मूल प्रधितियम की धारा 31 में, उप-धारा (2) में, "in the notifica- धारा 31 का tion" णब्दों के परचात् "and such officer shall be deemed to be the संगोधन। Commissioner for the purposes of sub-section (1)" गब्द जोड़े जाएंगे ।

9. मूल ग्रधिनियम की धारा 32 के स्थान पर निम्नलिखित रखी जाएगी, धारा 32 का प्रतिस्थापन । ग्रर्थात्:--

"32. Rectification of mistakes.—(1) The Commissioner or the officer on whom powers of the Commissioner for the purposes of sub-section (1) of section 31 have been conferred by the State Covernment may at any time within one year from the date of any order passed by him on an application made to him or of his own motion, rectify any mistake apparent from the record, and shall within a like period rectify any such mistake which has been brought to his notice by any person affected by such order:

Provided that the Commissioner may entertain an application under this sub-section after the expiry of the said period of one year, if he is satisfied that the applicant was prevented by sufficient cause from making the application in time:

Provided further that no such rectification shall be made if it has the effect of enhancing the tax or reducing the amount of refund, unless the Commissioner has given notice in writing to such person of his intention to do so and has allowed such person a reasonable opportunity of being heard.

(2) Where any such rectification has the effect of enhancing or reducing the amount of tax or penalty, the Commissioner shall, in the prescribed manner, order the recovery of the amount due from, or as the case may be order the refund of the amount due to, such person,"

धारा 42-B

- 10. मूल भौधीन्यम की भाषा 43-B में,---
- (i) पायर्थ भोधेक में "materials" मध्य में पश्चान् ",processing and packing material" चिक्त और मध्य जोड़े जाएंगे,
 - (iii) west "certificate of registration, for use by him as raw material in the manufacture in Himachal Pradesh of any goods --
 - (a) for sale in the State of Himsehal Pradesh; or
 - (b) for sale in the course of inter-State trade or commerce;" के स्थान पर "cortificate of registra-
 - (a) for use by him as raw material in the manufacture in Himachal Pradesh of any goods for sale therein or in the course of inter-State trade or commerce; and
 - (b) for use by him in the processing or packing of goods so manufactured for sale; ", जुड्ड एक जोएंगे; और
- (iii) दितीय परन्तुका में "goods" भव्य को स्थान पर "manufactured goods" भव्य एवं जाएंगे।

उद्वक्षां और कारणे का कथा

यह तथा गया है कि ध्योहारियों द्वारा धपन वार्तों के समर्थन में दिए जान वार्त धोपणा-पत्नों धीर प्रमाण-पत्नों के ध्यान में तिक्षरण बहुत अधिक संख्या में लम्बे समय तक लोध्वत रहते हैं। अतः तिक्षरणां की धारतमतः यथानसम भीर पीक्षता न स्तिष्टियां का करने के लिए यह आवश्यक है कि ब्योहारियां का अपने बावा की समर्थन में घाषणा-पत्नों धीर प्रमाण-पत्नों को विविध्यों के साथ प्रार्थक वरने के लिए बाह्य किया जाए। इतिष्टे अतिरिधत पुन: निधारण किए जाने और खनमें बुलियों को मुखारने के लिए प्रकार्यक वार्थक नियत करना भी धावस्थक है।

राज्य में ज्यापां की रणानना के लिए भीरमातन देते के लिए, प्रसाम में लाई जान वाली पैकिय और प्रसंस्करण सामग्री और भितिमित माल के विकास पर रिसामती तर पर विकास कर ज्यूणक्षात करने का की प्रस्तान है।

यम् विभयका जनग्रम अनुवर्धा की प्राप्त की लिए हैं।

सरत राम, प्रधारी मण्डले ।

शिमवाद 19 विसम्बद, 1994.

वित्तीय शापन

ः प्रसंक्षण्या भीर पैकिंग सामग्री पर रियायती वर से कर जवगृतीत करने से राजकीय की लगभग एक करोड़ रुपये की राजस्व की वाधिक हाकि होती। विययक में भक्तिविष्ट उपवन्ध विश्वमान सरकारी तन्त्र द्वारा कार्यावित किए जाएंगे और राजकीय में नोई भितिरिक्त व्यक्ष उपगत्त नहीं होगा ।

प्रत्यायीकित विधान सम्बन्धी अधान

िष्णियक के बण्ड 7 तारा धाए। 21 के। प्रश्नावित संभोवन पाज्य सरकार की, निर्वारिती मा व्योत्तारी की गांधारतियों की प्राधिकाए वेने और नामावजीगत करने की रीति विश्वित करने की लिए नियम बनाने को काण्यत करता है। धारा 32 के प्रतिस्थापित उपबन्ध सरकार की ऐसी रीति विज्ञित करने की लिए सक्षम करते हैं। जिसमें वेय पाणि का प्रतिसाम किया जाना है।

2. मूल ग्रांधानियम की धारा 10 के उपबन्धों के फलस्वस्य मस्ताबिक नियम, पूर्व प्रकाशन के प्रकात् बनाए जाएंगे। यह मत्यायीजन भावप्रयक्ष और सामान्य स्वरूप का है।

भारत के संविधान के अनुबद्धेव 207 के अधीत राज्यवाल की निकारिक्षे

(नांकत संख्या ई () एक्स () एक ((()) () () । । । । भावकारी व कराधान विकास)

हिमाचल प्रदेश को राज्यपाल, हिमाचल प्रदेश साधारण विकास कर (दिलोग संशोधन) विधेयक, 1994 .. की विषय वस्तु को बार्ट में सूचित किए जाले को पश्चाल भारत को सीवधान को धनुष्कार 207 के सधीन उकत विधेयक को विधाल कथा में पुष्कापित करने भीए छन पर विचार करने की निकारिक करते हैं।

AUTHORITATIVE ENGLISH TEXT

Bill No 24 of 1994.

THE HIMACHAL PRADESH GENERAL SALES TAX (SECOND AMENDMENT) BILL, 1994

(As Passed by the Legislative Assembly)

A

BILL

further to amend the Himachal Pradesh General Sales Tax Act, 1968 (Act No. 24 of 1968).

BE it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of Himachal Pradesh in the Forty-fifth Year of the Republic of India, as follows:—

Short title.

1. This Act may be called the Himachal Pradesh General Sales Tax (Second Amendment) Act, 1994.

Insertion of section 6-A.

- 2. After section 6 of the Himachal Pradesh General Sales Tax Act, 1968 (hereinafter called the principal Act), the following section 6-A shall be inserted, namely:—
 - "6-A. Declarations and certificates to be filed along with returns.— Every dealer claiming,—
 - (i) any deduction from his gross turnover, or
 - (ii) any part of his taxable turnover to be a sale to Government, or
 - (iii) any part of the taxable turnover to be liable to tax at concessional rate of tax or to an exemption under section 42-B of this Act,

shall furnish, along with the return to be furnished under subsection (3) of section 12, to the assessing authority, the declaration or the certificate as required under this Act."

Amendment of section 8.

- 3. In section 8 of the principal Act,—
 - (i) in sub-section (4), after the word "Commissioner", the words "or the prescribed authority" and after the word "amend", the sign and the word ", suspend" shall be inserted; and

(ii) in sub-sections (5) and (6), after the word "Commissioner", the words "or the prescribed authority" shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 15.

- 4. In section 15 of the principal Act, for sub-section (1), the following shall be substituted, namely:—
 - "(1) If in consequence of definite information which has come into his possession, the Assessing Authority discovers that the turnover of the business of a dealer has been under assessed or escaped assessment in any year, the Assessing Authority may, at any time within three years from the date of assessment under section 14, proceed to re-assess the tax payable on the turnover which has been under-assessed or has escaped assessment;

Provided that the Assessing Authority may also take action to impose the penalty and interest under this Act:

Provided further that no order of re-assessment or imposition of penalty and interest shall be made unless the dealer is afforded a reasonable opportunity of being heard in the prescribed manner."

5. In section 20 of the principal Act, in sub-section (4), in part (iii) of the proviso, for the words "Deputy Commissioner", the words "District Magistrate" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 20.

6. After section 20 of the principal Act, the following new section 20-A shall be inserted, namely:—

Insertion of new section 20-A.

- "20-A. Power of survey.—(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other provision of this Act, any Assistant Excise and Taxation Commissioner or Excise and Taxation Officer appointed to assist the Commissioner under sub-section (1) of section 3 or an Excise and Taxation Inspector, duly authorised by the Commissioner may, for the purpose of survey regarding ascertainment of commencement of liability for registration under section 8 of this Act, enter—
 - (a) any place within the limits of the area assigned to him, or
 - (b) any place occupied by any dealer in respect of which he exercises jurisdiction,

at which the dealer carrying on the business, keeps any of his books of accounts or other documents or any part of his cash relating to the sale or purchase of goods or stock of goods relating to his business and require any dealer, employee or any other person who may at that time and place be attending in any manner to, or helping in carrying on of such business—

- (i) to afford him the necessary facility to inspect such books of accounts or other documents as he may require and which may be available at such place,
- (ii) to afford him the necessary facility to check or verify the cash and stock of goods which may be found therein, and
- (iii) to furnish such information including such statement as he may require as to any matter which may be useful for. or relevant to, any proceedings under this Act.
- (2) For the purpose of sub-section (1), no entry in the dwelling house shall be made—
 - (i) after sunset or before the sunrise;
 - (ii) by any officer below the rank of an Excise and Taxation Officer; and
 - (iii) without obtaining the sanction of the District Magistrate within whose jurisdiction such house is situated."

Amendment of section 21.

- 7. In section 21 of the principal Act,—
 - (i) for sub-section (1), the following shall be substituted, namely:—
 - "(1) Any assessee or dealer, who is entitled or required to attend before any authority in connection with any proceedings under this Act, except when required to attend in person, may attend through a person authorised by him in writing in this behalf, in the prescribed manner, being a relative or a regular and whole time employee of such assessee or dealer or an advocate or a sales tax practitioner.";
 - (ii) in sub-section (2),—
 - (a) for the words and signs "an "income-tax practitioner" means", the words and the signs "a "sales tax practitioner" means" shall be substituted, and
 - (b) for the words and sign "who has passed any accountancy examination recognised in this behalf, by the Central Board of Revenue", the words "a Chartered Accountant" shall be substituted, and
 - (iii) for sub-sections (4) and (5), the following shall be substituted, namely:—
 - "(4) Every sales tax practitioner, other than an Advocate, and every other person who is entitled to appear before any authority under sub-section (1) in any proceedings under this Act, shall get himself enrolled as such with the Commissioner on payment of such fee as may be prescribed.
 - (5) If any sales tax practitioner or any other person who represents any assessee or dealer, is found guilty of misconduct, in any proceedings before any authority under this Act, by the Commissioner, the Commissioner may by order direct that he shall be disqualified to represent any assessee or dealer under sub-section (1):

Provided that no such order shall be made in respect of any such sales tax practitioner or other person unless he is given a reasonable opportunity of being heard."

Amendment of section 31.

8. In section 31 of the principal Act, in sub-section (2), after the words "in the notification", the words "and such efficer shall be deemed to be the Commissioner for the purposes of sub-section (1)" shall be added.

Substitution of section 32.

- 9. For section 32 of the principal Act, the following shall be substituted, namely:—
 - "32. Rectification of mistakes.—(1) The Commissioner or the officer on whom powers of the Commissioner for the purposes of subsection (1) of section 31 have been conferred by the State Government may at any time within one year from the date of any order passed by him on an application made to him or of his own motion, rectify any mistake apparent from the record, and shall within a like period rectify any such mistake which

has been brought to his notice by any person affected by such order:

- Provided that the Commissioner may entertain an application under this sub-section after the expiry of the said period of one year, if he is satisfied that the applicant was prevented by sufficient cause from making the application in time:
- Provided further that no such rectification shall be made if it has the effect of enhancing the tax or reducing the amount of refund, unless the Commissioner has given notice in writing to such person of his intention to do so and has allowed such person a reasonable opportunity of being heard.
- (2) Where any such rectification has the effect of enhancing or reducing the amount of tax or penalty, the Commissioner shall, in the prescribed manner, order the recovery of the amount due from or as the case may be order the refund of the amount due to, such person."
- 10. In section 42-B of the principal Act-

Amendment of section 42-B.

- (i) in the marginal heading after the word "materials", the sign and words ", processing and packing material" shall be added;
- (ii) for the words "certificate of registration, for use by him as raw material in the manufacture in Himachal Pradesh of any goods—
 - (a) for sale in the State of Himachal Pradesh; or
 - (b) for sale in the course of inter-State trade or commerce;",

the words "certificate of registration,-

- (a) for use by him as raw material in the manufacture in Himachal Pradesh of any goods for sale therein or in the course of inter-State trade or commerce; and
- (b) for use by him in the processing or packing of goods so manufactured for sale:", shall be substituted;
- (iii) in the second proviso for the word "goods", the words "manufactured goods" shall be substituted.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

It has been observed that quite a large number of assessments remain pending for considerably long time, for want of declarations and certificates to be furnished by the dealers in support of heir claims. Thus, in order to ensure timely and speedy finalization of assessments, it is necessary to make it obligatory that the dealers should file alongwith their returns the declarations and certificates in support of their claims. Apart from this, it is also necessary to fix the reasonable period within which the re-assessment can be made or mistake therein can be rectified.

To provide incentives for setting-up industries in the State, it is also proposed to levy sales tax at concessional rate on sales of packing and processing material for use in and sale of manufacured goods.

This Bill seeks to achieve the aferesaid objectives.

SANT RAM, Minister-in-charge.

SHIMLA: The 19th December, 1994.

FINANCIAL MEMORANDUM

Levy of concessional rate of tax on processing and packing material will cause annual loss of revenue of rupees one crore approximately to the State Exchequer. The provisions contained in the Bill will be implemented by the existing Government machinery and no additional expenditure will be incurred out of the State Exchequer.

MEMORANDUM REGARDING DELEGATED LEGISLATION

Section 21 proposed to be amended by clause 7 of the Bill empowers the State Government to make rules to prescribe the manner of authorisation and enrolment of the agents of an assessee or a dealer. Substituted provisions of section 32 enable the Government to prescribe the manner in which the refund of the amount due is to be made.

2. By virtue of the provisions of section 40 of the principal Act, the proposed rules are to be made after previous publication. These delegations are essential and normal in character.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE GOVERNOR UNDER ARTICLE 207 O THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA

(File No EXN-F(II) 1/93-III Excise and Taxation Department)

The Governor of Himachal Pradesh, after having been informed of the subject matter of the Himachal Pradesh General Sales Tax (Second Amendment) Bill, 1994, recommends, under article 207 of the Constitution of India, the introduction and consideration of the aforesaid Bill in the State Legislative Assembly.